U.S. Territorial Acquisitions, 1803–1853
Geography Skills
Analyze the maps in “Geography Challenge” in the Student Text. Then answer the following questions and fill out the map as directed.

1. Label the Louisiana Territory on your map and highlight its borders. What year was it added to the United States? How did adding this region change the size of the nation?

2. Highlight the borders of Texas and the Mexican Cession and label these two regions. When was each region added to the United States?

   What other territory was acquired from Mexico? Label it on your map.

3. What three trails crossed the Louisiana Territory from Independence, Missouri? Draw and label each trail.

   Locate and label the cities at the ends of each trail. Also locate and label the city of Independence.

4. Label and lightly shade Oregon Country. When did it become part of the United States?

5. Draw and label the Old Spanish Trail. Locate and label its western end.

6. Which rivers and mountain ranges did settlers have to cross when following the Santa Fe Trail and the Old Spanish Trail to California? Label those rivers and mountains.

7. Locate and label Sacramento. Where did the trail that settlers took to reach this city leave the Oregon Trail? Locate and label that place on your map.

8. Locate and label South Pass. Which three trails crossed the Rocky Mountains at South Pass? Label and name those trails.
Critical Thinking
Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

9. Why do you think the Mormon, Oregon, and Santa Fe trails each followed rivers for such a long distance? What benefit would such a route have for travelers?

10. Why would travel by wagon through the mountains have been slower than travel across desert or plains?

11. How might the United States’ purchase of the Louisiana Territory from France have helped encourage American settlers to later travel to Oregon and California?
Manifest Destiny and the Growing Nation

How justifiable was U.S. expansion in the 1800s?

PREVIEW

Your teacher will display a painting that is also reproduced at the beginning of the lesson. Begin to analyze the painting with your class, and then continue on your own or with a partner. On a separate sheet of paper, answer the questions below. Support your answers with evidence from the painting.

1. Which groups in the painting are moving from the east toward the west? What are they bringing with them?

2. What are some possible reasons these groups are moving west?

3. Which groups were already in the West? What is happening to them?

4. Who is the main figure in the center of the painting? What might she represent?

5. John Gast painted American Progress in 1872. Do you think he believed that U.S. expansion in the 1800s was justifiable? Why or why not?

READING NOTES

Key Content Terms
As you complete the Reading Notes, use these terms in your answers.

| territory | Texas War for Independence | manifest destiny |
| diplomacy | annex | Mexican-American War |

Section 2

1. Why were the city of New Orleans and the Mississippi River important to farmers in the early 1800s?

2. What was Napoleon’s plan for Louisiana? Why were American farmers alarmed by it?
3. What deal was made on April 30, 1803? Give two reasons why Napoleon was willing to make this deal with the United States.

4. List two pros and two cons of the Louisiana Purchase.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pros of the Louisiana Purchase</th>
<th>Cons of the Louisiana Purchase</th>
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Section 3

1. What did President Monroe order Andrew Jackson to do in 1818? What did Jackson do instead?

2. Explain the deal that the United States made with Spain in 1819 to end the conflict over Florida.

Section 4

1. List two complaints of American settlers in Texas in 1830. Then list two complaints of Tejanos in 1830.

   American settlers:

   Tejanos:
2. Complete the timeline with important events that led Texas to win its independence. Write a one- or two-sentence summary next to each date. Use all of the words in the Word Bank somewhere on the timeline. Also, create illustrations for two of the events.

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1821
Moses Austin is granted a huge tract of land in Texas for an American colony.

1829

1830

1833

1835

March 1836

April 1836

1836–1845
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3. What happened to Texas in 1845? Give one argument against and one argument in favor of this decision.
Section 5

1. What agreement did Great Britain and the United States make in the 1820s concerning Oregon?

2. Why Oregon was called a “pioneer’s paradise”?

3. What did James Polk mean when he declared “Fifty-four forty or fight!” in the 1844 presidential campaign? Did he follow through with this campaign promise? Explain.

Section 6

1. Why did President Polk think the Mexican government might want to sell California and New Mexico?

2. Label the map with sentences to explain why the U.S. Congress declared war on Mexico in 1846.

Disputed Texas, 1846
3. Choose two of these Mexican-American War battle locations: New Mexico, California, Monterrey, Buena Vista, or Chapultepec. Then create two historical newspaper headlines for each of your two battle locations. Write the first headline for a U.S. newspaper whose editors agreed with manifest destiny. Write the second headline for a newspaper in Mexico.

Location 1: __________________________  Location 2: __________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manifest Destiny Times</th>
<th>Manifest Destiny Times</th>
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<tr>
<td>Tiempos de México</td>
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4. List three details of the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. Then give two reasons some U.S. senators opposed this treaty.

5. Why did the United States buy the Gadsden Purchase in 1853?
Below is a drawing of John Gast’s painting *American Progress*. Annotate the drawing by adding a speech or thought bubble for four elements in the painting—people, animals, or objects. In each bubble, write a short paragraph to express how that person, animal, or object might respond to the Essential Question: *How justifiable was U.S. expansion in the 1800s?* Include as many of the Key Content Terms as possible in your paragraphs.
Preparing to Write: Taking Notes on Details

In her journal, Susan Magoffin recorded descriptions and details about her travels along the Santa Fe Trail. Because of this record, readers today can share her experiences. Take notes about the trip based on the descriptions in the reading.

When and where did the expedition begin?

Describe how the Magoffins outfitted themselves for the trip.

What happened at Pawnee Rock?

Describe Susan Magoffin’s accident.

Explain why the Magoffins stopped at Bent’s Fort.
Writing a Postcard
Suppose you were part of the Magoffin expedition. What if you could have sent a message home during your journey on the Santa Fe Trail? Use the space below to write a postcard to someone you have left behind in the United States. On your postcard, include
• descriptions and details about what you are seeing.
• a description of what you like and dislike about the trip.
• the date, a greeting, a closing, and your signature.

Use this rubric to evaluate your postcard. Make changes in your postcard if you need to.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The postcard has accurate descriptions and details. It is well constructed. There are no spelling or grammar errors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>The postcard has descriptions and details. It is well constructed. There are some spelling or grammar errors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The postcard does not have descriptions and details. It is not well constructed. There are many spelling or grammar errors.</td>
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